Research Security and Intellectual Property Committee

Patrick Schlesinger (Chair)	University of California, Berkeley
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Elizabeth Peloso	University of Pennsylvania
Jennifer Ponting	University of Chicago
John Ritter	Princeton University
Janna Tom	University of California
David Winwood	Louisiana State University
Kevin Wozniak	Georgia Institute of Technology
Robert Hardy	Director, COGR



NIST Update - iEdison

Background

- NIH legacy system
- NIH: "iEdison makes it easy to learn about the law and its regulations and report an invention or patent funded by any of the agencies listed"

Rebuild

RFI for redesign of system from ground up at NISH

Next steps

- Received many comments and will form stakeholder groups
- Webinar in April
- Award in November 2020
- Operational system in 2022



NIST – Bayh-Dole Regulations

- Bayh-Dole at 40
- Rulemaking
 - No legislative fixes recommended
 - More in the nature of "housekeeping" than restructuring
 - ▶ To be sent to OMB in March, NPRM in April
 - Removing explanatory material from existing regulation

DOE Order 142.3A

- Unclassified foreign visits and assignments
- Exemption removed
 - Applied to research under grants performed at institutions of higher education where results are published
 - Performance of such research <u>not</u> considered "access to DOE sites, information, technology, equipment, programs, or personnel"
- ▶ FN information to be provided for DOE review
- DOE secretary or designee must approve participation of individuals from T-4 countries
- DOE HQ vs. DOE contracting officers



DOD Cybersecurity Maturity Model Certification (31 Jan 2020)

Unified cybersecurity standard for future acquisitions

CMMC Model v1.0: Number of Practices and Processes Introduced at each Level

CMMC Level	Practices	Processes
Level 1	17	-
Level 2	55	2
Level 3	58	1
Level 4	26	1
Level 5	15	1

CMMC

ADVANCED / PROGRESSIVE LEVEL 4 **PROACTIVE** LEVEL 3 **171 PRACTICES** LEVEL 2 ✓ Comply with the FAR **GOOD CYBER HYGIENE INTERMEDIATE CYBER 156 PRACTICES** ✓ Encompasses all **HYGIENE** LEVEL 1 practices from NIST ✓ Comply with the FAR **130 PRACTICES** SP 800-171 r1 BASIC CYBER HYGIENE **72 PRACTICES** ✓ Encompasses all ✓ Comply with the FAR ✓ Includes a select practices from NIST SP subset of 4 practices 800-171 r1 **17 PRACTICES** ✓ Comply with the FAR ✓ Encompasses all from Draft NIST SP practices from NIST 800-171B ✓ Equivalent to all SP 800-171 r1 ✓ Includes a select practices in Federal ✓ Includes a select ✓ Includes an **Acquisition Regulation** subset of 11 practices subset of 48 practices additional 11 (FAR) 48 CFR 52.204from Draft NIST SP from the NIST SP 800-✓ Includes an additional practices to 21 800-171B 171 r1 20 practices to demonstrate an support good cyber advanced ✓ Includes an additional ✓ Includes an additional. hygiene cybersecurity 15 practices to 7 practices to support program demonstrate a intermediate cyber

proactive

cybersecurity program

LEVEL 5

hygiene

FAR 52.204-21

- (i) Limit <u>information system</u> access to authorized users, processes acting on behalf of authorized users, or devices (including other <u>information</u> systems).
- (ii) Limit information system access to the types of transactions and functions that authorized users are permitted to execute.
- (iii) Verify and control/limit connections to and use of external information systems.
- (iv) Control information posted or processed on publicly accessible information systems.
- (v) Identify information system users, processes acting on behalf of users, or devices.
- (vi) Authenticate (or verify) the identities of those users, processes, or devices, as a prerequisite to allowing access to organizational information systems.
- (vii) Sanitize or destroy information system media containing Federal Contract Information before disposal or release for reuse.
- (viii) Limit physical access to organizational information systems, equipment, and the respective operating environments to authorized individuals.
- (ix) Escort visitors and monitor visitor activity; maintain audit logs of physical access; and control and manage physical access devices.
- (x) Monitor, control, and protect organizational communications (i.e., information transmitted or received by organizational information systems) at the external boundaries and key internal boundaries of the information systems.
- (xi) Implement subnetworks for publicly accessible system <u>components</u> that are physically or logically separated from internal networks.
- (xii) Identify, report, and correct information and information system flaws in a timely manner.
- (xiii) Provide protection from malicious code at appropriate locations within organizational information systems.
- (xiv) Update malicious code protection mechanisms when <u>new</u> releases are available.
- **(xv)** Perform periodic scans of the <u>information system</u> and real-time scans of files from external sources as files are downloaded, opened, or executed.



CMMC Roll-out

- Applied through 7012 clause
- Phased approach
 - Small number of prime contractors 10 in the first years
 - But could show up in subaward
- Third-party audit/ceritification
- Costs
 - ▶ DOD: Should be minimal for level I ~ \$5K
- Certify enclave/small number of labs
- Procedures, Guidance & Information (PGI) document needed for fundamental research?
- More information
 - COGR updates
 - ▶ AUECO Conference April 28-29, 2020 University of Pennsylvania



Huawei Equipment Restrictions

NDAA FY19

- Manufacturers
 - ▶ Telecommunications Huawei, ZTE
 - ▶ Telecom in public safety context Hytera, Hangzhou Hikvision, Dahua
- Prohibition on <u>sale</u> of defined equipment to USG (2019)
- Prohibition on <u>use</u> of defined equipment by contractor, not in the context of a particular contract (Aug. 2020)
- "Substantial or essential part" of system
- Scan networks and replace effected equipment
- Could have components within larger pieces of equipment